

Retirement Times DECEMBER 2020

Every year around this time I sit down to craft a letter wishing you joy and happiness around the holidays and the shift to a new year. This year feels substantially different. This year feels like it requires something deeper, and perhaps even more personal, than mere wishes of good tidings. 2020 feels like it requires recognition.

Please know that I recognize that you've had to make personal, professional, or business sacrifices this year. I understand that this year may have included physical, mental and emotional stress. That it may not have been the year of joy and happiness that I wished for you at this time last year. Let me also recognize that you and your organization are still here. And that I recognize the efforts all have made to be so. If you did have to sacrifice, allow me to wish that the sacrifice pays off down the road.

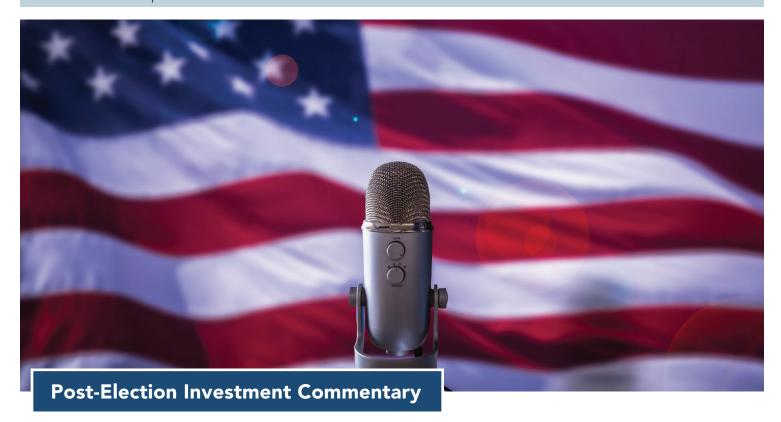
2020 has been a year of change, of pivoting, of evolution. I recognize that all of those elements may at times be maddening. We have all conducted ourselves in a manner to best adapt to the changing landscape. I wish that the changes be recognized for newly created efficiencies and growth, for where they've spurred creativity within our lives and businesses, and for prosperity to blossom out of the necessity therefor.

Finally, I recognize the continued trust you place in us as your trusted advisors. I recognize the importance of your partnership in an increasingly volatile world. The value of your people, and the sanctity of the job we perform to help keep you and your team safe, as well as to help your employees strive for retirement with dignity. I appreciate the friendships our teams have built and continue to foster. And I recognize your desires, hopes for your career, your employer, and your family. Thus, on behalf of all of us, I renew my wishes from prior years for health, happiness, prosperity, and safety.

I wish you all warm holidays and a strong 2021.

Best,

Kevin Donahue CRPC®, AIF®



Stock markets abhor uncertainty. Currently, investment prognosticators are interpreting the election results to create a relatively "stagnant" legislative environment. This opinion is based primarily on the Senate remaining in Republican control with the presidency Democratic. The anticipated stagnation connotes a more predictable investment environment. Clearly, the stock market has recently responded overwhelmingly positive (as of 11/10/20), to the reduced potential of increased taxation along with the greater likelihood of additional COVID-19 aid and economic stimulus.

This leaves some investors with an instinctual response to grow their equity exposure. However, the biggest risk investors face at this time is changing their investment course and getting it wrong. It remains important to keep focus on the long-term horizon, which no one can predict with much accuracy. The potential future variables that can impact markets are limitless. The impact of the pandemic and potential ensuing lockdowns is clearly one significant unknown.

What is a prudent investor to do? Assuming you are appropriately diversified, remaining so may be your best response.

Those initiating portfolio changes now based on campaign rhetoric should consider that the proposed policy changes may not materialize in current proposed form. If some do, it is difficult to assess which policies may be implemented and how they may affect the markets both US and internationally.

Long-term investing success is a function of innovation, economic growth, interest rates, productivity, and factors we may not currently foresee. Maintaining an appropriately diversified, low cost investment strategy which is properly funded, may not be exciting or pacifying today, but it most likely will provide financial success in the long term.



The Department of Labor is working on a guidance package addressing cybersecurity issues as they relate to plan sponsors and third-party providers.

Tim Hauser, Deputy Assistant Secretary for DOL's Employee Benefit Security Administration (EBSA) has indicated that we should expect more focus in the department's investigations of the adequacy of various cybersecurity programs to confirm that service providers plan sponsors hire are practicing effective cybersecurity practices.

Mr. Hauser also indicated that the forthcoming guidance would be informal, and not a formal notice and comment.

PLAN SPONSOR CONSIDERATIONS

The DOL expects there to be questions asked when hiring a TPA or record-keeper.

- What practices and policies do the service provider have to ensure their systems are secure?
- Does the service provider have regular third-party audits by an independent entity?
- How does the third party validate their systems cybersecurity?
- Is there any history of cybersecurity incidents? If so, what is their track record?
- What did they learn from any prior incidents, and how have they improved their defensive processes?
- Do they indemnify their clients in event of security systems breaches that result in losses?
- Do they have insurance policies to make you whole and cover breaches, or do they have all sorts of waivers and exculpatory clauses in their contracts?

In the event a security breach is identified and an offender has achieved access to confidential information, the plan sponsor should produce a documented response, including notifying law enforcement, the FBI, the plan and their participants.

Once an official final guidance package is made available, we will share that information with you.



It is that time when plan sponsors need to send annual notices to participants. The 401(k) safe harbor, qualified default investment alternative ("QDIA"), and automatic enrollment notices must all be sent to plan participants between 30-90 days before the beginning of the plan year (i.e., no later than December 2nd for calendar year end plans), and may be combined into a single document.

401(k) Safe Harbor

Plan sponsors of safe harbor **matching contribution plans** can retain the flexibility to reduce future contributions by issuing "maybe not" language in their annual 401(k) safe harbor notice.

Prior to this year, safe harbor **non-elective contribution plans** had to be in place as of the first day of the plan year and were subject to the safe harbor notice requirements. Effective beginning January 1, 2020, not only can a 401(k) plan be converted into a safe harbor non-elective plan at any time during the plan year or even during the following plan year, but the **notice requirement has been eliminated.** Generally, safe harbor plans can make a mid-year reduction or suspension of a safe harbor contribution, but only if the employer is either (1) operating at an economic loss, or (2) had already provided a "maybe not notice". As a result of the economic downturn created by COVID-19, the IRS issued temporary relief from this limitation on suspensions.

QDIA

If your plan contains a QDIA, you must provide an annual notice to all participants who were defaulted or may be defaulted into the QDIA in order to retain this fiduciary protection. Many plan sponsors send the notice to all plan participants.

Automatic Enrollment

If your plan contains an automatic enrollment feature, you must send an annual notice describing the automatic enrollment to all participants who have been or will be automatically enrolled and haven't made an affirmative election to change their deferral percentage.

Participant Corner: The 10% Savings Goal

This month's employee memo encourages employees to conduct a regular examination of their retirement plan to determine whether any changes need to be made. Download the memo from your Fiduciary Briefcase at fiduciarybriefcase.com. Please see an excerpt below.

Most people need to save more — often a lot more — to build a nest egg that can meet their needs. Many financial experts recommend putting away 10 to 15 percent of your pay for retirement. There's a relatively painless way to reach that goal.

TAKE SMALL STEPS

- Begin by contributing enough to receive your employer's matching contribution
- Consider gradually raising your contribution amount to 10 percent or higher
- Raise your plan contributions once a year by an amount that's easy to handle, on a date that's easy to remember—say, 2 percent on your birthday. Thanks to the power of compounding (the earnings on your earnings), even small, regular increases in your plan contributions can make a big difference over time.



A LITTLE MORE CAN MEAN A LOT

Let's look at Minnie and Maxine. These hypothetical twin sisters do almost everything together. Both work for the same company, earn the same salary (\$30,000 a year), and start participating in the same retirement plan at age 35. In fact, just about the only difference is their savings approach:

Minnie contributes 2 percent of her pay each year. Her salary rises 3 percent a year (and her contributions along with it), and her investments earn 6 percent a year on average. So, after 30 years of diligent saving, Minnie will reach retirement with a nest egg worth \$68,461.

Maxine gets the same pay raises, saves just as diligently, and has the same investments as her sister—except for one thing: She starts contributing 2 percent, but raises her rate by 1 percent each year on her birthday until she reaches 10 percent. She will keep saving that 10 percent for the next 22 years, until she retires by Minnie's side.

Maxine tells Minnie that she's never really noticed a difference in take-home pay as her savings rate rises. Instead, she looks forward to having \$285,725 in her retirement fund by age 65.

Think ahead and act now. To increase your deferral percentage, contact your HR department today.

For more information regarding your retirement plan, please contact your financial professional, Kevin Donahue AIF®, CRPC® at kevin@risensonfinancial.com with any questions you may have.



This memo was contributed by Transamerica.

This example is hypothetical and does not represent the performance of any fund. Regular investing does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss in a declining market. Past performance does not guarantee future results. Initial tax savings on contributions and earnings are deferred until distribution. You should evaluate your ability to continue saving in the event of a prolonged market decline, unexpected expenses, or an unforeseeable emergency.

This material was created to provide accurate and reliable information on the subjects covered but should not be regarded as a complete analysis of these subjects. It is not intended to provide specific legal, tax or other professional advice. The services of an appropriate professional should be sought regarding your individual situation.

To remove yourself from this list, or to add a colleague, please email us at kevin@risensonfinancial.com or call 813-512-2746



Helping Employers Manage Their Retirement Plans with Confidence

Our Mission

Risen Son Financial strives to help employers reduce the cost of their retirement plans and the liability of their responsibilities by naming ourselves as fiduciaries to the plan and participants. We believe this builds the foundation to help employees reach their ideal financial future, through one-on-one education, risk analysis, and financial planning.

Why Us?

Based in Land O' Lakes, Florida, Risen Son Financial serves as retirement plan partners and investment fiduciaries for large and small businesses across the nation. Fulfilling the duties of good faith and trust, clients choose us knowing we will go above and beyond. As an Independent Financial Advisor, Risen Son Financial represents clients to the marketplace without any bias or conflicts of interest. We're accountable to you and your best interests. Risen Son Financial serves as a named fiduciary for both the plan and participants. As your Plan Fiduciary, we evaluate plan design, mitigate risks, conduct reviews, and offer solutions helping to improve performance. As Participant Counselors, we also serve as fiduciaries providing customizable advice and resources for the participants.

Our Process

At Risen Son Financial, our first step is to review the current cost and value being received by the plan. We can do this by reviewing the 404(a)(5) (participant fees) and 408(b)(2) (plan fees) disclosures that plans are required to distribute and receive from vendors. If these are not readily available, we can also review fund lineups and statements.

We meticulously review the retirement plan, including these 4 costs:

- 1. **Recordkeepers** Receive funds from the employer and employee paycheck. Their main responsibility is to keep record of the contributions a participant receives and investment gains. Additionally, recordkeepers do the buying and selling of investments that the participant chooses, while also providing a website and quarterly statements.
- **2. Administrators** Make sure the plan meets the requirements set forth in the IRS code. They handle, testing, compliance, vesting, eligibility, loans, and withdrawals. Many times, administrators are "bundled" with the recordkeeper.
- 3. Investments Contributions are deposited into investments. They have their normal expense ratio; however, these often come loaded with internal fees like 12b-1, sub-TA, concession and wrap. This is called "indirect compensation" or "revenue sharing." Often, an investment company will pay the recordkeeper a fee to be included in the investment lineup.
- 4. Advisors or Brokers There is a difference. As a named fiduciary to the plan and participants, Advisors give advice, recommendations, and/or have discretionary control of investments, along with being the quarterback of the plan. This includes benchmarking all fees paid to vendors and shopping plan costs to keep fees reasonable. Advisors are held to the best interest standard. In contrast, Brokers are held to the suitability standard. Brokers can't give advice nor can they name themselves as a fiduciary to the plan. Brokers sell a product as a representative of a larger entity.

Once all fees are known, we benchmark those fees and services being received to the open market. We then use this benchmarking to get the cost of the plan reduced. We accomplish this by either going to the current provider to have them reduce the cost or moving the plan to a platform that will, along with providing for the needs of the plan. Being completely independent we can work with all providers which allows us to provide conflict-free and bias-free advice.



About Kevin Donahue, CRPC®, AIF®

Kevin Donahue is the owner of Risen Son Financial. After serving four years in the United States Navy, he graduated from Florida State University in 2004 earning a bachelor's in Computer Science and a minor in Mathematics. Seeing firsthand, the impact of retirement saving and planning with his own parents, Kevin entered the financial services business to pursue his passion of helping clients meet and exceed their financial goals and visions. During his career, Kevin has passed and/or currently holds the series 6,7, 63 and 65 exams along with obtaining Chartered Retirement Planning Counselor (CRPC) designation from the College for Financial Planning. This designation encompasses pre-and post-retirement needs, wealth management, estate planning, and the entire retirement planning process. Additionally, he holds the Accredited Investment Fiduciary (AIF), which empowers investment professionals with the fiduciary knowledge and tools they need to serve each client's best interests.

Kevin resides in Land O' Lakes, with his wife Brittany and their twin boys Andrew and Noah.

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